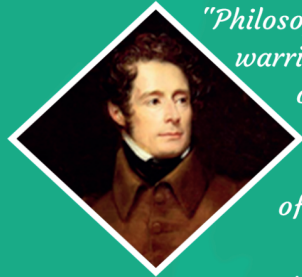


*Alphonse de Lamartine (1790-1869)*  
French poet and statesman.

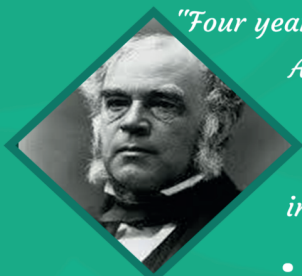


"Philosopher, orator, apostle, legislator, warrior, conqueror of ideas, restorer of rational dogmas, of a cult without images; the founder of twenty terrestrial empires and of one spiritual empire, that is **MUHAMMAD.**

*As regards all standards by which human greatness may be measured, we may well ask, is there any man greater than he?"*

[Translated from *Histoire De La Turquie*, Paris, 1854, vol. II, pp. 276-277]

*John William Draper (1811-1882)*  
French poet and statesman.



"Four years after the death of Justinian, A.D. 569, was born at Mecca, in Arabia the man who, of all men exercised the greatest influence upon the human race . . . **Mohammed.**"

[A History of the Intellectual Development of Europe, London, 1875, vol.1, pp. 329-330]

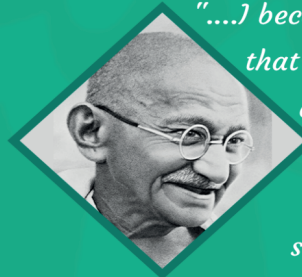
*Edward Gibbon (1737-1794)*  
Considered the greatest British historian of his time



"The greatest success of **Mohammad's** life was effected by sheer moral force without the stroke of a sword."

[History Of The Saracen Empire, London, 1870]

*Mahathma Gandhi (1869-1948)*  
Indian thinker, statesman, and nationalist leader



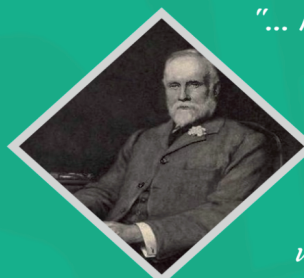
"...] became more than ever convinced that it was not the sword that won a place for Islam in those days in the scheme of life. It was the rigid simplicity, the utter self-effacement of the prophet, the scrupulous regard for his pledges, his intense devotion to his friends and followers, his intrepidity, his fearlessness, his absolute trust in God and in his own mission. These, and not the sword carried everything before them and surmounted every trouble."

[Young India (periodical), 1928, Volume X]

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ABOUT Prophet Mohammed (PBUH)  
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*Reverend Bosworth Smith (1794-1884)*  
Late Fellow of Trinity College, Oxford.



"... he was Caesar and Pope in one; but he was Pope without the Pope's pretensions, and Caesar without the legions of Caesar. Without a standing army, without a bodyguard, without a palace, without a fixed revenue, if ever any man had the right to say that he ruled by a right Divine, it was **Mohammed;** for he had all the power without its instruments and without its supports."

[Mohammed and Mohammedanism, London, 1874, p. 235]

Prophet  
**MOHAMMED** ﷺ  
(PEACE BE UPON HIM)

Praised by  
NON-MUSLIM ACADEMICS

"And We have not sent you, [O Muhammad], except as a mercy to the worlds."  
**Al-Quran (21:107)**

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# Who is Mohammed ﷺ

We Muslims believe that Prophet Mohammed was the last and final Messenger sent by Allah (the Almighty creator) to guide humanity until the day of judgment, his life which is perfectly preserved by Muslims for the past 14 centuries is a perfect role model for all human beings to follow. He was sent as a mercy for the whole of humanity and is prophesized in all major religions of the world. This brochure is designed to show how Non Muslim academics and historians after researching on Prophet Mohammed have concluded their thoughts.

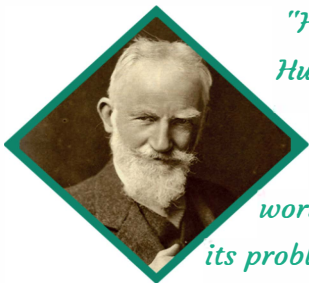
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ABOUT Prophet Mohammed (PBUH)

☎ 1800373378

George Bernard Shaw (1856-1950)

Critic, Polemicist and Political activist



*"He must be called the Savior of Humanity, I believe that if a man like him were to assume the dictatorship of the modern world, he would succeed in solving its problems in a way that would bring it much-needed peace and happiness"*

[The Genuine Islam, Singapore, Vol. 1, No. 8, 1936]

Alphonse de Lamartine (1790-1869)

A French historian and Statesman

*"Philosopher, orator, apostle, legislator, warrior, conqueror of ideas, restorer of rational dogmas, the founder of twenty terrestrial empires and of one spiritual empire, that is Muhammad. As regards all standards by which human greatness may be measured, we may ask, is there any man greater than he?"*



*If greatness of purpose, smallness of means, and outstanding results are the three criteria of human genius, who could dare to compare any great man in modern history with Muhammad?*

*The most famous men created arms, and empires only. They founded, if any at all, no more than material power which often crumbled away before their eyes. This man merged not only armies, legislation, empires, peoples and dynasties but millions of men in one third of the inhabited world, and more than that, moved the altars the gods, the religions, the ideas, the beliefs and the souls on the basis of a Book, every letter of which has become law. He created a spiritual nationality of every tongue and of every race*

[Translated from *Histoire De La Turquie*, Paris, 1854, vol. II, pp. 276-277]

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ABOUT Prophet Mohammed (PBUH)



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Washington Irving (1783-1859)

American, biographer, historian, and diplomat



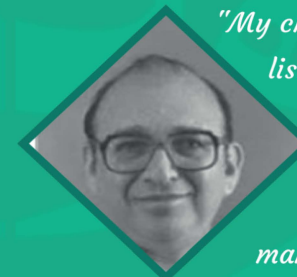
*"He was sober and abstemious in his diet and a rigorous observer of fasts. He indulged in no magnificence of apparel, the ostentation of a petty mind; neither was his simplicity in dress affected, but the result of a real disregard to distinction from so trivial a source. In his private dealings he was just. He treated friends and strangers, the rich and poor, the powerful and the weak, with equity, and was beloved by the common people for the affability with which he received them, and listened to their complaints ...*

*His military triumphs awakened no pride nor vain glory, as they would have done had they been effected for selfish purposes. In the time of his greatest power he maintained the same simplicity of manners and appearance as in the days of his adversity. So far from affecting regal state, he was displeased if, on entering a room, any unusual testimonial of respect were shown to him."*

[Life of Mahomet, London, 1889, pp. 192-3, 199]

Michael H. Hart (1932--)

American astrophysicist, author, researcher



*"My choice of Muhammad to lead the list of the world's most influential persons may surprise some readers and may be questioned by others, but he was the only man in history who was supremely successful on both the religious and secular level."*

[The 100: A Ranking Of The Most Influential Persons In History, New York, 1978, p. 33]